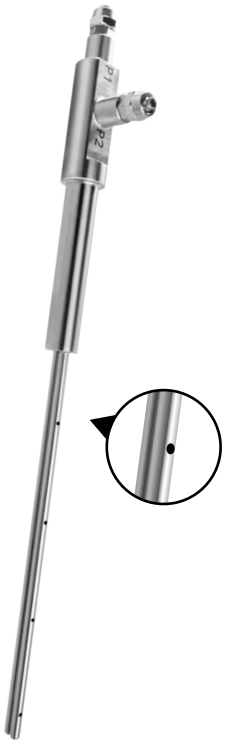
PHD330
Industrial Differential Pressure Transmitter

eyc-tech PHD330
Industrial Differential Pressure Transmitter



Match with
eyc-tech AFMT Average Flow Measuring Tube
(Pitot tube)

| Features |

- Uses piezoresistive differential pressure sensor
- No flow through, pressure ports are not interconnected
- Differential pressure measurement range of ±50 ... ±10,000 Pa
- Aluminum alloy housing, IP65 protection rating
- Includes square root function for converting measurement into air velocity and airflow, and simultaneous display on the screen
- Provides analog output with RS-485 communication function
- DIP switch to adjust range and square root function

| Introduction |

The eyc-tech PHD330 industrial differential pressure transmitter uses a piezoresistive differential pressure sensor with a wide measurement range and multiple options. Its robust aluminum alloy housing effectively resists external environmental influences, ensuring stable and reliable measurements, making it particularly suitable for use in industrial environments.

| Applications |

Exhaust air treatment / Differential pressure monitoring / Airflow monitoring / Air handling unit flow

Differential Pressure-PHD330

www.eyc-tech.com

| Specification |

Measurement

Measuring element	Piezoresistive diff. pressure sensor, no flow-through
Measuring range	±50 ... ±10000 pa

Output

Output	4 ... 20 mA / 0 ... 10 V / RS-485
Signal connection	3-wire
Load resistance	Current output : ≦500 Ω
	Voltage output : ≧ 10 KΩ
Response time	t63 ≦ 2 ms
Display type	LCD Module with back light,
	double line character
Display range	V=Air velocity (at 25°C)
	Q=Air quantity (with eyc-tech AFMT)
Digit height	5.56 mm

Accuracy

Accuracy	±2.0% F.S.
Temperature influence	±1.75%

Environment

Measuring medium	Air
Operating temperature	-20 ... +80°C(Non-display)
	0 ... +50°C(Display)
Operating humidity	0 ... 95%RH(Non-condensing)
Storage temperature	-20 ... +80°C

Electrical

Power supply	DC 24 V ±10% & AC 24 V ±10%
Current consumption	DC 24 V：≦45 mA(Display) / ≦40 mA(Non-display)
	AC 24 V：≦95 mA(Display) / ≦90 mA(Non-display)
Overvoltage protection	≦DC 40 V
Electrical connection	M12 connector
	*with 2 m cable

Installation

Installation	Wall type

Protection

IP rating	IP65
Electrical protection	■ Over-voltage
	■ Reverse polarity
	■ Short circuit
Pressure resistance	±50 ... ±500 pa：0.25 bar
	±1000 ... ±10000 pa：0.5 bar
Burst pressure	±50 ... ±2500 pa：0.75 bar
	±5000 ... ±10000 pa：1.25 bar

Certification

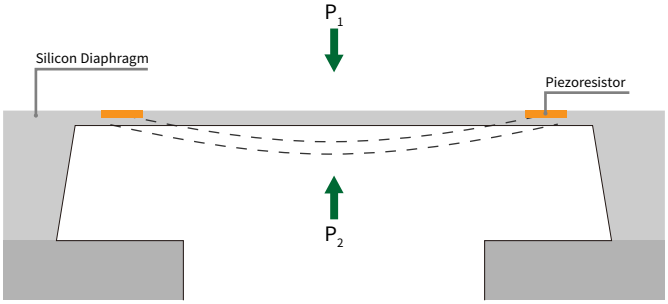
Certification	CE

Material

Housing	Aluminum alloy
Weight	Display：497 g；Non-display：478 g

| Piezoresistive Differential Pressure Principle |

Hot-wire type differential pressure measurement technology calculates the pressure difference by measuring the air flow rate. When there is a pressure difference between two measurement points, air flows from the high-pressure side to the low-pressure side through a channel inside the transmitter. The channel contains a heating element and two temperature sensors. By comparing the heating and temperature changes, the air flow rate can be precisely measured, which in turn allows the calculation of the pressure difference. This technology can detect extremely low air flow rates, making it possible to precisely measure small pressure differences. Additionally, hot-wire type measurement technology has the characteristic of low zero-point drift, meaning the transmitter can maintain a stable initial zero point even after prolonged use, ensuring measurement precision and reliability.



| with the eyc-tech Pitot Tube Principle |

eyc-tech PHD330 Industrial Differential Pressure Transmitter is built on the structure of piezoresistive differential pressure flow measurement, with eyc-tech AFMT Average Flow Measuring Tube(Pitot tube), based on the flow continuity formula (the law of conservation of mass) and the Bernoulli formula (the law of conservation of energy), the wind speed calculation formula is deduced to achieve an effective and accurate measurement.

Flow rate formula

$$V = K\sqrt{\frac{2}{\rho}\Delta P}$$

Flow formula

$$qv = K\varepsilon A\sqrt{\frac{2}{\rho}\Delta P}$$

$$qm = qv \times \rho$$

V = Velocity of the liquid(m/s)

Δ P = Difference between total pressure and static pressure (Dynamic pressure)(Pa)

ρ = Flow density(kg/m³)

K = Flow coefficient

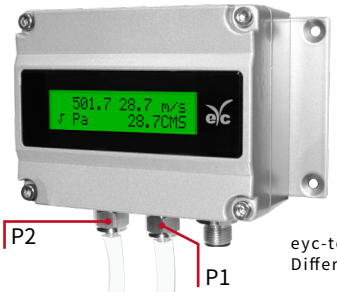
qv = Volume flow of liquid(m³/s)

qm = Mass flow of liquid(kg/s)

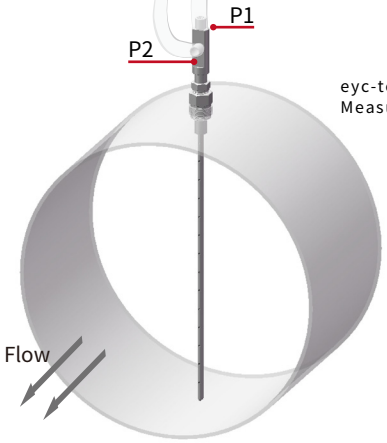
K = Flow coefficient of average flow measuring

ε = Inflation coefficient of liquid going thru measuring tube during operation

A = Cross-sectional area of duct during operation(m²)

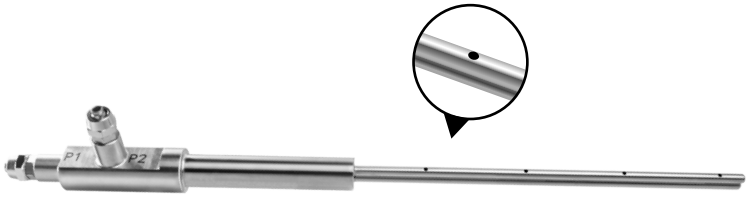


eyc-tech PHD330 Industrial Differential Pressure Transmitter



eyc-tech AFMT Average Flow Measuring Tube(Pitot tube)

Note : The opening direction of holes on probe should be parallel to flow direction



eyc-tech AFMT Average Flow Measuring Tube(Pitot tube)

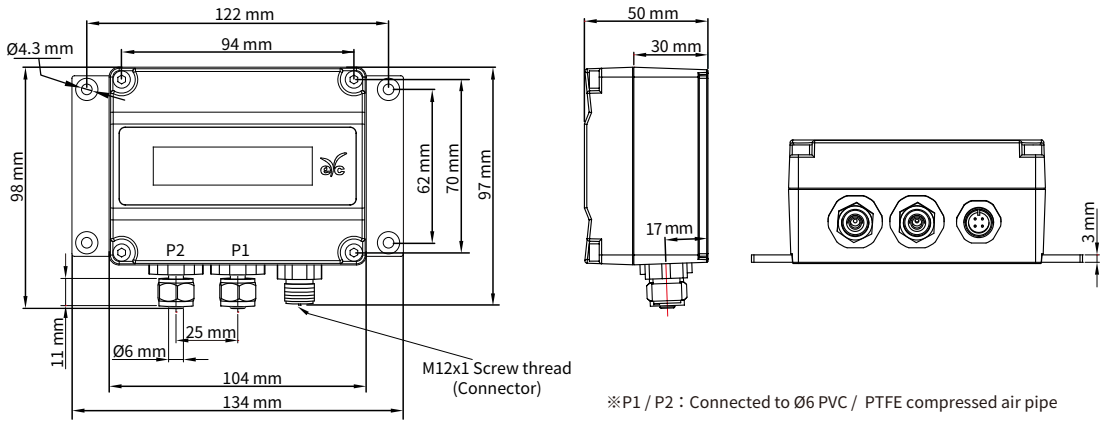
| Pressure Unit Conversion Table |

Unit	Pa	mbar	hPa	kPa	mmWS	inH_2O	mmHg
Range	±50 / 100	0.5 / 1	0.5 / 1	0.05 / 0.1	5 / 10	0.2 / 0.4	0.375 / 0.75
	±300 / 500	3 / 5	3 / 5	0.3 / 0.5	30 / 50	1.2 / 2	2.25 / 3.75
	±1000 / 1600 / 2500	10 / 16 / 25	10 / 16 / 25	1 / 1.6 / 2.5	100 / 160 / 250	4 / 6.4 / 10	7.5 / 12 / 18.75
	±5000 / 7500 / 10000	50 / 75 / 100	50 / 75 / 100	5 / 7.5 / 10	500 / 750 / 1000	20 / 30 / 40	37.5 / 56.25 / 75

Differential Pressure-PHD330

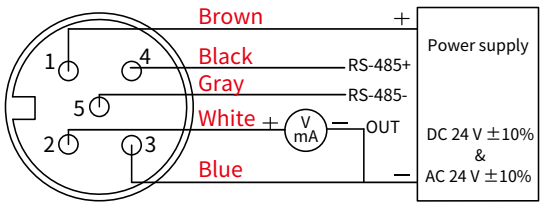
www.eyc-tech.com

| Dimension |



※P1 / P2：Connected to Ø6 PVC / PTFE compressed air pipe

| Connection Diagram |



5P M12 Connector+RS-485

*Please make sure the product and the device which connect with RS-485 are on common ground, avoid damaged product.

| Ordering Guide |

Installation	Range	Output	Electrical connection	Optional
PHD 330	20	1	M	D1
330：Wall	10：±50 / 100 pa 20：±300 / 500 pa 30：±1000 / 1600 / 2500 pa 40：±5000 / 7500 / 10000 pa	1：4 ... 20 mA 6：0 ... 10 V	M : M12x1 connector *with 2m cable	D1 : Display (LCD) 1 : Non-display

| Additional Option Test Report | For more detailed information please contact us.

■ISO 9001

Project	Measurand level or range
Pressure	Differential pressure：0 ... 500 Pa / 0 ... 1000 Pa / 0 ... 10000 Pa